Class: Ladybirds Topic title: All Aboard! Big question: Does it travel 'in', 'on' or 'under'? *Annotate for ongoing AfL



Subject	Educational program links/ subject program coverage	Key vocabulary/ Oracy opportunities		Child led activity opportunities and adult led opportunities	Children 'on track'	Children 'not on track'
Communication and Language (ELG: Listening, attention and understanding, Speaking)	The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and- forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.	Celebrating difference, same, similar, different, proud, achievements, unique, friendship, kind friends, please don't do that I don't like it	Barry the fish with fingers It's OK to be different The family book The hueys in the new jumper The dog and the dolphin	 Imagining and recreating roles in the home corner Naming different modes of transport Describe features/parts of different vehicles NELI speech assessment Speechlink assessment 		
Personal, Social and Emotional Development (ELG: Self Regulation, Managing self, Building relationships)	Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive 9 relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other	Celebrating difference, same, similar, different, proud, achievements, unique, friendship, kind friends, please don't do that I don't like it	Barry the fish with fingers It's OK to be different The family book The hueys in the new jumper The dog and the dolphin	 Building relationships with our peers Turn taking games Developing self- confidence through circle times, PSHE and RE/Worldviews Visible learning – continue to introduce Achievosaurs 		

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	children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.					
Physical Development (ELG: Gross motor, Fine motor)	Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives7. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well- being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence	Jump, hop, skip, gallop, run, walk, sprint, space, bear crawl, pinch, twist, hold, pat, splat, push, pull		 Join in with PE with Mr Tanner. Developing core strength through gymnastics Leap into life Continue to develop fine motor skills through dough disco, funky finger activities Develop correct pencil grip 		
Literacy (ELG: Comprehension, Word reading, Writing)	It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing)	Sounds, phonemes, letters, graphemes, phonics,	The train ride The naughty bus	 Use phonemes learnt to read CVC words. Use graphemes to write CVC words Read and range of fiction and non- fiction books. Giving meaning to the marks I make Use some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning 		

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Mathematics (ELG: Number, Number pattern)	Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.	numerals, quantities, numbers, counting, forwards, backwards, subitise, compare, composition, 2D shape, flat, circle, triangle, rectangle, square, straight side, curved side, corner, over, under, around, through, more, less, altogether, day, night, morning, afternoon, before, after, today, tomorrow	Me on a map Day monkey, night monkey Witches four Five little fiends The very hungry caterpillar	 Comparing 1, 2, 3 Composition of 1, 2, 3 Circle and triangles Positional language Representing numbers to 5 One more and one less Shapes with 4 sides Time 		
Understanding the World (ELG: Past and present, People culture and Communities, The Natural world)	Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.	Transport, vehicle, past, present, old, new, vintage car, fire engine, Diwali, remeberance day, poppy, bonfire night, fireworks	The nativity story Mr Gumpy's motor car	 Christmas Diwali (November 4^{th)} Remembrance day (November 11th) Bonfire night (November 5th) International Day – Canada Vintage/Classic vehicles visiting school (vintage fire engine confirmed) 		
Expressive Art and Design (ELG: Creating with materials, Being Imaginative and expressive)	The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their	Mix, join, stick, mark, paint, dab, cut, press, thread, print		 Practising and performing a Winter Musical 'Snowman at sunset'. 		

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	understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.			 Learn how to join materials together through junk modelling Music – make up sequences and use body/voice to make music 		
PSHE	I can identify something I am good at and understand everyone is good at different things. I understand that being different makes us all special. I know we are all different but the same in some ways. I can tell you why I think my home is special to me. I can tell you how to be a kind friend. I know which words to use to stand up for myself when someone says or does something unkind.	Celebrating difference, same, similar, different, proud, achievements, unique, friendship, kind friends, please don't do that I don't like it	Barry the fish with fingers It's OK to be different The family book The hueys in the new jumper The dog and the dolphin	 What am I good at? I'm special, I'm me! Families Houses and homes Making friends Standing up for yourself 		
RE	What does the word 'God' mean? Which people believe in God. Which people believe God is the creator of everything? What is amazing about the world? What do Christians say about God as Creator?	Jesus, God, nativity, celebrate, bible, Christian, church, Christmas, believe, followers,		 Explore why God the creator is important to Christians and how that is seen in the Bible, Church and Christian living Do we know why the word 'God' is so important to Christians? Other faiths: Whispering Allah (God) into a Muslim's baby's ear 		

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			 Why do Christains perform nativity plays at Christmas? 	