

Establishment/Department:
Stoke Gabriel Primary School and Pre-school

Establishment Risk Assessment **RA100 V2.7**

Address:

School Hill, Stoke Gabriel, Totnes, Devon, TQ12 2AU

Person(s)/Group at Risk Staff, Pupils, Visitors and Contractors Date assessment completed:

2/9/21

This document is to remain under constant review due to the fast-changing nature of DfE / Government guidance in response to the challenges posed by Covid-19.

Assessor(s):
A.Eeles

Significant Hazard Section	Additional measures or actions not included in this column below should be put in the assessor's recommendations at the end of this document	Optional: School's comments re. mitigations put in place
Keep occupied spaces well ventilated		
Poorly ventilated spaces leading to risks of coronavirus spreading Ventilation to reduce transmission Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE COVID-19 advice provides more information. DfE is working with the Scientific Advisory Group for Emergencies (SAGE) and NHS England on a pilot	 Ventilation and AC systems working optimally. Heating used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained when the building is occupied. Keep windows open wide enough to provide some natural background ventilation and open internal doors to increase air flow. Open windows fully when rooms are unoccupied for longer periods to purge the air (e.g. lunch times and before and after school). Action taken to prevent occupants being exposed to draughts. For example, partially open high-level windows as oppose to low-level windows, close external doors and arrange the furniture if appropriate and possible. Use fans for good air circulation. 	School Hall- during lunch time, assembly, PE and gatherings of more than a class all doors and windows should be opened in a suitable way. Windows to be left open when the space is not in full use unless this causes a draught in the school kitchen adjacent to this space.

project to measure CO2 levels in classrooms and exploring options to help improve ventilation in settings where needed.	 Air conditioning systems that normally run with a recirculation mode set up to run on full outside air. Ventilation's system that removes and recirculates air to different rooms is turned off. Ventilation system remains on at all times, even when the building is unoccupied. The system set to operate at lower ventilation rates during evenings and weekends. Occupants encouraged to wear additional, suitable indoor clothing. (If they have to wear coats, scarves and other outdoor clothing the room would be considered too cold and the above steps must be considered). Ensure staff meetings and insets are in rooms with suitable and sufficient ventilation NB- C02 monitors are only a tool to identify poorly ventilated areas – they are not to be used as a mechanism to 'measure safe thresholds' and to be used with the HSE suitability chart. 	Break times and lunch play time remain in key stages so there are less children on each playground. Oasis, office and library - GG to open the windows each morning to bring in natural ventilation. These can be closed as needed during the day. Pre-school- front door not to be left open due to safety - ventilation managed through window at the back of the building. When the door is open, the safety gate is closed. INSET and staff meetings to be in the hall or a ventilated classroom for smaller groups.
Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes		
You should put in place and maintain an appropriate cleaning schedule.	 Reduced clutter and removing difficult to clean items to make cleaning easier. Cleaning using standard cleaning products such as detergents and bleach, paying attention to all surfaces but especially ones that are touched frequently, such as door handles, light switches, work surfaces, remote controls and electronic devices. Surfaces that are frequently touched and by many people in common areas to be cleaned twice a day. Avoid sharing work equipment by allocating it on a personal basis or put cleaning regimes in place to clean between each user. Identify where you can reduce people touching surfaces, for example by leaving doors open (except fire doors). Keep surfaces clear to make it easier to clean and reduce the likelihood of contaminating objects. Provide more bins and empty them more often. Toilets and communal areas to be cleaned regularly 	EYFS- manage the rotation and cleaning of toys alongside high expectations of hand hygiene. No toys from home on site. Work benches to be clear of clutter and unnecessary items. (ie. resources not needed for the lessons that day). End of session table top/ high touch cleaning.

Ensure good hygiene for everyone	Sanitising spray and paper towels to be provided in classrooms for use by members of staff. If using cloths – disposable or appropriate washing and drying process.	All over age 11 encouraged to wear masks on arrival, dismissal and any essential visits to the building. No unnecessary adults inside the building.
Hand & Respiratory hygiene	 Whilst DfE guidance removes the need for schools to use 'bubbles' PHE advice is if you can keep mixing to a minimum, it does reduce transmission along with: COVID-19 posters/ signage displayed. Frequent and thorough hand cleaning is regular practice. Pupils and staff to clean their hands when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating. Sufficient handwashing facilities are available. Where there is no sink, hand sanitiser provided in classrooms. Staff help is available for pupils who have trouble cleaning their hands independently (e.g. small children and pupils with complex needs). Use resources such as "e-bug" to teach effective hand hygiene etc. Adults and pupils are encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose. Adults and pupils encouraged to use a tissue to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it'). Tissues to be provided. Lidded bins for tissues provided and are emptied daily. Respiratory hygiene The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important. The e-Bug COVID-19 website contains free resources for you, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene. N.B. please note that face covering guidance has changed due to Devon becoming an 'Enhanced Response Area', the following points describe the situation outside of ERA status. Although from Step 4, face coverings will no longer be advised for pupils, staff and visitors, persons choosing to wear face coverings as a precaution will not be deterred when outside the classroom. Where staff are in crowded spaces, face masks may be recommended (but not required). There are good hygiene measures that can be used in: 	Lunch will return to the hall with a staggered arrival. See timetables. Assemblies in well ventilated hall with good spacing. All children to be educated/ reminded of hand hygiene, 'catch it, bin it, kill it' to manage germ transmission. Handwashing is monitored and hand sanitiser, tissues and hand wash is accessible to all.

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	https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/wp-content/uploads/sites/6/2021/08/spotty-book-2021.pdf	
	https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/info-professional/public-health/infection-winter/schools-and-nurseries-guidance/	
	DCC Health and Safety Arrangements: - Infection Control HS26	
Conditions for use of fluid resistant face mask and other equipment when dealing with a symptomatic child are clear and understood by staff.	If a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 meters cannot be maintained. If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn Ensuring that fluid resistant face masks are available for all schools and that a supply is maintained. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe	Academy Head's office and upstairs in pre-school to be used as an isolation space and then deep cleaned. Window opened and staff member to observe child from a distance with PPE. All staff and parents reminded about mask/ PPE expectations.
Staff use of PPE	Pupils whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs will continue to receive their care in the same way. Follow guidance https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childcare-and-childcare-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe	To include close first aid and intimate care.
Staff related issues	equipment-ppe	
Accessing testing arrangements for all staff	Guidance on the new asymptomatic testing programmes taking place in schools are on a shared document platform hosted by DfE, including FAQ, webinars and step-by-step 'how to guides. For secondary schools - Resources - Google Drive. For primary schools - Primary Schools Document Sharing Platform - Google Drive.	Twice weekly testing for staff until end of September when the government review testing arrangements.
Symptoms	Deliver strong messaging about signs and symptoms of Covid-19, isolation advice and testing to support prompt isolation of suspected cases	All staff, pupils and parents to receive clear and consistent

		messages about Covid-19 symptoms, testing and isolation.
Vaccination	Encourage vaccination uptake for staff	All staff to be actively encouraged to be vaccinated. Support for cover will be arranged wherever possible.
Dealing with confirmed case/ cases and outbreak.	Case (possible vs confirmed case) Possible: anyone with either a high temperature, a new, continuous cough or a loss of, or change to, your sense of smell or taste (and awaiting a test) Confirmed: PCR or LFD test positive case of COVID-19 with or without symptoms.	Warn and Inform approach.
Close Contact requirements	Individuals identified as close contacts are not required to self-isolate if any of the following apply:	Ensure staff testing remains twice weekly.
	 they are fully vaccinated (e.g. at least 2 weeks after second dose) they are below the age of 18 years and 6 months 	Support staff to access testing if recognised as a close contact of a positive case.
	 they have taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID- 19 vaccine trial 	
	• they are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons	
	Close contacts who are not required to isolate will be advised to: take a PCR test (do not need to isolate whilst awaiting result but will need to isolate as a case if positive)	
	 limit close contact with others outside their household wear a face covering in enclosed spaces 	
	 limit contact with clinically extremely vulnerable participate in twice weekly LFD testing if eligible 	
Cases -staff	For all cases relating to staff, please also see the guidance for workplaces: For cases in staff, settings should call the Self-Isolation Service Hub on 020 3743 6715 as soon as they are aware. Employers will need to provide the 8-digit NHS Test and Trace account ID of the person who tested positive, alongside the names of co-workers identified as close contacts to ensure they are registered with NHS Test and Trace and receive the necessary public health advice.	Any staff who are not double vaccinated will need to work with Track and Trace to seek advice in the case of a close contact.

Cases- pupils	Children who are unwell should <u>not</u> attend the setting and should remain at home until their acute symptoms resolve (+24 hours for a fever).	
	• IF these symptoms develop into cough, temperature, changes to taste and smell, should isolate and test.	
	• IF test negative to COVID-19, still need to remain at home until at least 24 fever free and acute symptoms resolved. Parents and settings should not try and 'second guess' diagnosis – if have the key symptoms, isolate and test.	
	 Examples of acute symptoms with which children should not attend school/nursery include fever, muscle aches, hacking cough. Follow public health advice on managing confirmed cases of COVID-19 see Schools COVID-19 operational guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) Ensure the case isolates for 10 days Household of the case isolates for 10 days (unless fully vaccinated or aged under 18 years and 6 months) If positive case came from an LFD test, case should take a confirmatory PCR test within 48hrs of the LFD Following a pupil PCR positive NHS Test and Trace will speak to the case (or parent/carer) to identify close contacts and advice on isolation as required and to get a PCR test Staff and pupils who do not need to isolate should continue to attend school as normal Clean and disinfect rooms the case was in, using appropriate PPE Case and any isolating contacts can return once isolation period is completed, as long as they are well 	
	Escalation criteria: If you have any infection control concerns or questions call the DfE Coronavirus helpline on 0800 046 8687 for advice. If your setting meets the following thresholds for extra action (outlined in the Contingency Framework), the DfE helpline will escalate to the SW PHE Health Protection Team when a risk assessment is required. DCC Public Health Team can also assist.	
Case Thresholds	For most education and childcare settings: • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period.	

	 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed 	
	closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period.	
	 There are any admissions to hospital for COVID-19. 	
	 You are having problems implementing the control measures OR you 	
	have applied the control measures and are still seeing a significant rise	
	in cases.	
	For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with	
	20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time:	
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	2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed	
Outliness frame advant	closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period.	
Contingency framework and		
outbreak control measures	Baseline measures which settings should have in place at all times:	
	 Staff in primary schools should test themselves using LFDs twice a 	
	week using home test kits until the end of September when this is	
	reviewed. Early years and wrap around childcare staff should continue	
	to test twice weekly as they have done during the summer. Twice	
	weekly testing for staff will continue until the end of September	
	Follow and promote public health guidance on testing, self-isolation	
	and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19	
	Setting based contact tracing of staff cases and staff contacts to be set and staff contac	
	reported to the Self-Isolation Hub (020 3743 6715)	
	 Continue good hygiene measures, maintain appropriate cleaning 	
	regimes, keep occupied spaces well ventilated	
	Appropriate use of PPE	
	 Continue strong messaging about signs and symptoms of COVID-19, 	
	isolation advice and testing	
	Encourage vaccination uptake for eligible staff and students	
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	Additional outbreak control measures – If the threshold for extra action	
	(set out in the Contingency Framework) is met, additional outbreak	
	measures may be considered that are appropriate and proportionate to	
	your school. These can be implemented by the school without	
	additional support/approval:	
	Providing a 'warn and inform' communication to parents	
	 Strengthening communications to encourage testing (staff and 	
	secondary aged pupils only)	
	 Consider moving activities outside (including exercise, assemblies and 	
	classes)	
	Further improvement of ventilation indoors, one-off enhanced cleaning	
	(focus on touch points and shared equipment)	
	Reviewing and reinforcing hygiene measures	
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	Enhanced or Exceptional outbreak control measures - can be recommended following an Incident Management Team (IMT) or Outbreak Control Team meeting (OCT) and risk assessment undertaken with the Local Authority (or Health Protection Team (HPT)*. Note: additional measures may also be advised by a Director of Public Health across an entire area if an Enhanced Response Package (ERA) is in place (your LA will communicate this to you) Contingency framework: education and childcare settings Actions for schools during the coronavirus outbreak	
Punil /ctoff related issues		
Pupil /staff related issues		
Vulnerable groups who are clinically, extremely vulnerable.	All CEV children and young people should attend their education setting unless they are one of the very small number of children and young people under paediatric or other specialist care who have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend. Further information is available in the guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical conditions. Whilst attendance is mandatory, we recommend that leaders in education work collaboratively with families to reassure them and to help their child return to their everyday activities. Discussions should have a collaborative approach, focusing on the welfare of the child or young person and responding to the concerns of the parent, carer or young person FAQ	AE to work with all deemed CEV as necessary.
Assessment of all staff, including high risk staff with vulnerable / shielding family member, underlying health conditions or other risk factors	A risk assessment should be undertaken with clinically extremely vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. A risk assessment should also be undertaken (or reviewed/updated if one was previously undertaken) with staff who may be anxious about returning to school and/or due to the increased numbers. The 'Risk assessment for all staff including vulnerable groups' can be used to aid and record this assessment - https://devoncc.sharepoint.com/:w:/s/PublicDocs/Education/ESoXeZkAQylLupPG5VVG6yQB2iEFDD4pgkko5qBbtOSEkw?e=040Qiy	AE to work with all deemed CEV as necessary.
Pregnant staff	Coronavirus (COVID-19): advice for pregnant employees - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) - should have a risk assessment in place: Coronavirus (COVID-19) infection and pregnancy (rcog.org.uk) can support risk assessment.	

	- a more precautionary approach advised for those >28 weeks pregnant or for individuals with underlying health conditions that place them at greater risk.	
Transport		
Transport to/from school	Following discussions with colleagues at Public Health Devon and the Department for Education, and with the aim of minimising disruption to education in the Autumn term, we are asking that students aged 11 and over continue to wear face coverings when travelling on school transport until further notice. We recognise that some medical conditions or additional needs may make this not possible - exemption passes are available - please contact the school directly who will be able to issue these. We would also ask that: • Students should wash/clean their hands before boarding home to school transport, and when arriving at school or home. • Students should respect the driver's personal space and hold back from entering the vehicle until the driver has indicated it is safe to do so, they should then board one by one in an orderly manner. It is still recommended that face coverings are worn by all passengers, unless exempt (www.gov.uk/ guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-safer-travel-guidance-forpassengers#face-coverings)	
Curriculum considerations		
Educational visits	We will undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment. <u>General guidance</u> about educational visits is available and is supported by specialist advice from the <u>Outdoor Education Advisory Panel (OEAP)</u> .	
Resources		
	DfE daily email- DfE - COVID daily email subscription service (office.com) Posters and promotional material - https://coronavirusresources.phe.gov.uk/back-to-school/resources/ NHS resources and videos Handwashing for teachers	

	 <u>Handwashing for children</u> <u>Coronavirus factsheet for kids</u> <u>PPE Donning and Doffing advice</u> 	
	Other resources and videos © COVID-19: the facts Scouts eBug https://e-bug.eu/ PHE webcast - Breaking the chain of infection	
Oversight of the governing body		
Lack of governor oversight during the COVID-19 crisis leads to the school failing to meet statutory requirements	The governing body continues to meet regularly via online platforms. The governing body agendas are structured to ensure all statutory requirements are discussed and school leaders are held to account for their implementation. Regular dialogue with the Chair of Governors and those governors with designated responsibilities is in place. Minutes of governing body meetings are reviewed to ensure that they accurately record governors' oversight and holding leaders to account for areas of statutory responsibility.	

Signed: Headteacher/Head of Department:

Date 2/9/21

The outcome of this assessment should be shared with the relevant staff and Governing Body. A copy of the completed assessment to be kept on file and copied to the Health & Safety Co-ordinator.